Canola Nitrogen Rate – NR_06

Research Question: Are N rates being used on canola across Manitoba sufficient for optimizing yield and nitrogen efficiency?

Site Information					
R.M.	Minitonas-Bowsman				
Residual N (0-24')	18 lbs. N/ac				
Seeding Date:	May 24, 2023				
Seeding Equipment:	Versitile Air Drill				
Variety:	L340PC				
Harvest Date:	Sept 18, 2023				
Nitrogen Application					
Source:	46-0-0				
Placement:	Banded				

Summary

Timing:

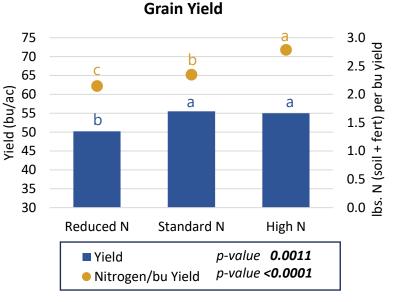
• <u>Plant Establishment</u>: N rate had no influence on plant counts in this trial.

Spring Pre-Seed

- <u>Tissue N</u>: N rate had no significant influence on N tissue content at bolting in this trial.
- <u>Grain Moisture</u>: Nitrogen rate had no influence on grain moisture in this trial.
- <u>Grain Yield</u>: There was a significant reduction in grain yield from the standard farm practice when N was reduced. There was no increase in yield as N rate increased from the standard to the high N rate.
- <u>Nitrogen Efficiency</u>: The reduced N treatment was most efficient with N supply, using 2.1 lbs. N per bushel of grain yield produced.
- The high N treatment produced the same yield as the farm standard N practice but reduced N efficiency from 2.3 to 2.8 lbs. N per bushel of grain yield produced.

	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Total
Rainfall (mm)	36.5	18.6	40.6	39.7	54	189
% of Normal Rainfall	108%	33%	45%	42%	69%	47%
Avg Daily Temp (C)	-0.3	14	19	17	18	

Tre	eatment	Fertilizer N	Total N (Soil + Fert)		
		lbs. N	lbs. N / ac		
1	Reduced N Rate	90	108		
2	Standard N Rate	112.5	125.5		
3	High N Rate	135	153		



	Plant Counts at 4 Leaf (ft ²)	N Tissue at Bolting (%)	Harvest Grain Moisture (%)
1. Reduced N	6.4	6.4	8.4
2. Standard N	6.3	6.4	8.3
3. High N	6.3	6.5	8.4
p-value	0.9539	0.5907	0.3944

The absence of lowercase letters for any data type indicates no significant differences between treatments.



